

# Cambridge O Level

COMBINED SCIENCE 5129/12

Paper 1 Multiple Choice May/June 2024

1 hour

You must answer on the multiple choice answer sheet.

You will need: Multiple choice answer sheet

Soft clean eraser

Soft pencil (type B or HB is recommended)

#### **INSTRUCTIONS**

There are **forty** questions on this paper. Answer **all** questions.

- For each question there are four possible answers **A**, **B**, **C** and **D**. Choose the **one** you consider correct and record your choice in soft pencil on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Follow the instructions on the multiple choice answer sheet.
- Write in soft pencil.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number on the multiple choice answer sheet in the spaces provided unless this has been done for you.
- Do not use correction fluid.
- Do not write on any bar codes.
- You may use a calculator.

# **INFORMATION**

- The total mark for this paper is 40.
- Each correct answer will score one mark.
- Any rough working should be done on this question paper.
- The Periodic Table is printed in the question paper.



This document has **16** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

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[Turn over

1 Which row identifies diffusion?

	description of movement of molecules	net movement of molecules
A	all molecules move in the same direction	from higher concentration to lower concentration
В	all molecules move in the same direction	from lower concentration to higher concentration
С	molecules move randomly in all directions	from lower concentration to higher concentration
D	molecules move randomly in all directions	from higher concentration to lower concentration

**2** Amylase in the mouth breaks starch down to maltose. The pH in the mouth is 6.5 and the temperature is 37 °C.

What would reduce the rate of production of maltose?

- 1 changing the pH to 12
- 2 increasing the amount of starch
- 3 raising the temperature to 45 °C
- 4 removing the maltose as it forms
- **A** 1 and 3 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4
- **3** Which plant tissues are responsible for the transport of amino acids and which are responsible for the transport of sucrose?

	amino acids	sucrose
Α	phloem	phloem
В	phloem	xylem
С	xylem	xylem
D	xylem	phloem

- 4 Which statements about physical digestion are correct?
  - 1 It makes food particles smaller.
  - 2 It makes the molecules smaller.
  - 3 It occurs in the colon.
  - 4 It occurs in the mouth.

**A** 1 and 2 **B** 1 and 4 **C** 2 and 3 **D** 3 and 4

5 How is the composition of expired air different to the composition of inspired air?

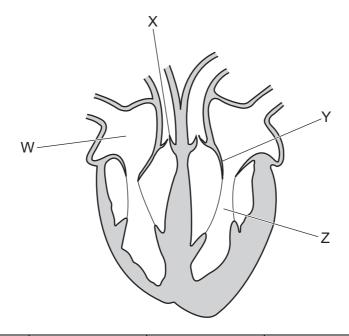
	percentage which is carbon dioxide	percentage which is nitrogen	percentage which is oxygen	percentage which is water vapour
Α	smaller	larger	smaller	smaller
В	larger	smaller	larger	the same
С	smaller	the same	larger	smaller
D	larger	the same	smaller	larger

6 V	Vhich	row	completes	the	sent	tence'	?
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.....X..... is the chemical reaction in all living cells that releases .....Y..... from .....Z.....

	Х	Y	Z
Α	assimilation	energy	starch
В	assimilation	glucose	starch
С	respiration	energy	glucose
D	respiration	glucose	energy

# 7 What are the parts of the heart indicated by W, X, Y and Z?



	W	X	Y	Z
Α	left atrium	semilunar valve	atrioventricular valve	right ventricle
В	left atrium	atrioventricular valve	semilunar valve	right ventricle
С	right atrium	semilunar valve	atrioventricular valve	left ventricle
D	right atrium	atrioventricular valve	semilunar valve	left ventricle

8 Smoking can damage the alveoli.

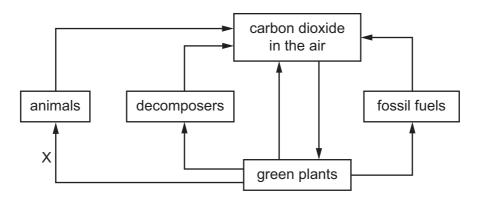
What can be a result of this damage?

- **A** The rate of breathing is decreased.
- **B** The rate of respiration is increased.
- **C** The volume of air breathed in is increased.
- **D** The volume of oxygen absorbed is decreased.
- **9** What describes the effect of a stimulus in reflex actions?
  - **A** The stimulus produces a slow automatic response.
  - **B** The stimulus produces a slow voluntary response.
  - **C** The stimulus produces a rapid automatic response.
  - **D** The stimulus produces a rapid voluntary response.

**10** A cell with a nucleus containing 8 chromosomes undergoes meiosis.

What describes the cells produced by this process?

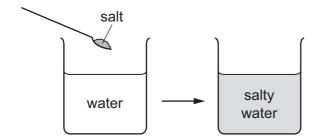
- A 2 cells each containing 4 chromosomes
- **B** 2 cells each containing 8 chromosomes
- C 4 cells each containing 4 chromosomes
- **D** 4 cells each containing 8 chromosomes
- 11 What is the main source of energy input to most biological systems?
  - A bacteria
  - **B** plants
  - C soil
  - **D** Sun
- 12 The diagram shows part of the carbon cycle.



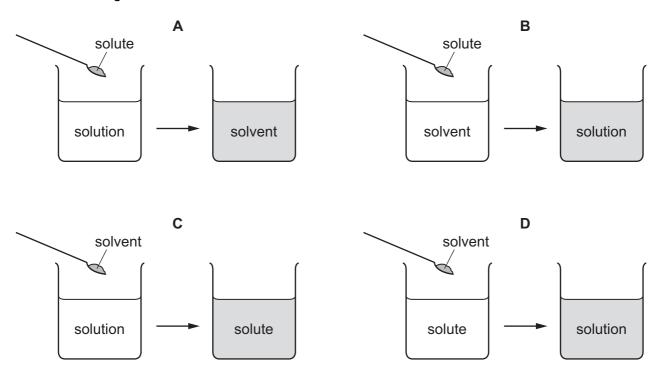
Which process is represented by the arrow labelled X?

- A decomposition
- **B** feeding
- C photosynthesis
- **D** respiration
- 13 Which statements about deforestation are correct?
  - 1 Deforestation reduces habitats for wild animals.
  - 2 Deforestation causes an increase of carbon dioxide in the atmosphere.
  - 3 Farming, mining and human population growth all increase deforestation.
  - **A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 1 only

- **14** Which statement describes a liquid?
  - A Closely spaced particles able to move freely.
  - **B** Closely spaced particles vibrate about a fixed point.
  - **C** Particles are far apart and unable to move freely.
  - **D** Particles are far apart with large amounts of kinetic energy.
- 15 The diagram shows salt being added to water in a beaker.



On which diagram are the labels correct?



**16** An atom of element X contains 7 electrons.

Which statements about atom X are correct?

- 1 X has a mass number greater than 7.
- 2 X is in Group VII of the Periodic Table.
- 3 X is in Period 2 of the Periodic Table.
- **A** 1, 2 and 3 **B** 1 and 2 only **C** 1 and 3 only **D** 2 and 3 only

17	Which	statement	about	magnesium	chloride.	$MaCl_2$ .	is	correct?
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- A When it is melted it becomes an electrical conductor because its electrons are free to move.
- **B** It consists of anions and cations which have completely filled outer electron shells.
- **C** It has a high melting point because its covalent bonds are very strong.
- **D** The magnesium and chlorine atoms are bonded strongly together by sharing electrons.

## 18 Sodium metal reacts with water to produce hydrogen and a solution of sodium hydroxide.

In which balanced equation are the state symbols correct?

**A** 
$$2Na(s) + 2H_2O(aq) \rightarrow 2NaOH(aq) + H_2(g)$$

**B** 
$$2Na(s) + 2H_2O(aq) \rightarrow 2NaOH(I) + H_2(g)$$

**C** 
$$2Na(s) + 2H_2O(l) \rightarrow 2NaOH(aq) + H_2(g)$$

**D** 
$$2Na(s) + 2H_2O(l) \rightarrow 2NaOH(l) + H_2(g)$$

**19** The equation for the combustion of hydrogen is shown.

$$2H_2 + O_2 \rightarrow 2H_2O$$

Which mass of oxygen reacts when 2 g of hydrogen is burned in excess air?

- **A** 1g
- **B** 16g
- **C** 32 g
- **D** 64 g

## 20 Which statements about the reaction between methane and oxygen are correct?

- 1 It is a cracking reaction.
- 2 It is an endothermic reaction.
- 3 It is an exothermic reaction.
- 4 It is a redox reaction.
- **A** 1 and 2
- **B** 1 and 3
- **C** 2 and 4
- **D** 3 and 4

21 1g of solid zinc is reacted with excess dilute sulfuric acid in four different experiments under different conditions.

The results are shown.

experiment	type of zinc	temperature/°C
1	small pieces	20
2	small pieces	50
3	large pieces	50
4	large pieces	20

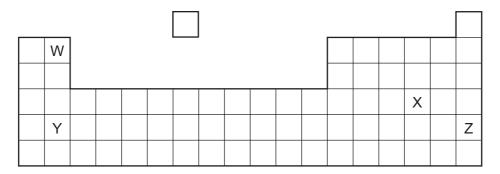
Which row identifies the experiments taking the longest time and the shortest time for all the zinc to react?

	experiment taking the longest time	experiment taking the shortest time
Α	1	3
В	2	4
С	3	1
D	4	2

- 22 Which test result identifies oxygen?
  - A bleaches damp litmus paper
  - **B** 'pops' with a lighted splint
  - **C** relights a glowing splint
  - **D** turns limewater milky
- 23 What is the colour of universal indicator in a neutral solution?
  - A blue
  - **B** green
  - **C** orange
  - **D** red

24 Part of the Periodic Table is shown.

The letters in the table are **not** the usual symbols of the elements.



Which statement is correct?

- **A** W is a metal and X is a non-metal.
- B X has more electrons than Y.
- C Y and Z are both non-metals.
- **D** Z has fewer electron shells than W.

25 Four metals, P, Q, R and S, are tested with water, steam and dilute hydrochloric acid.

The results are shown.

P does not react with cold water or steam and only reacts slowly with dilute hydrochloric acid.

S reacts slowly with cold water, reacts moderately fast with steam and reacts rapidly with dilute hydrochloric acid.

R reacts vigorously with cold water.

Q does not react with cold water, reacts very slowly with steam and reacts moderately fast with dilute hydrochloric acid.

What is the order of reactivity of the metals?

	most react	ive —	→ lea	st reactive
Α	Р	Q	S	R
В	Р	S	Q	R
С	R	Q	S	Р
D	R	S	Q	Р

**26** Different fractions are obtained from the fractional distillation of petroleum.

Which row identifies a correct use of a fraction?

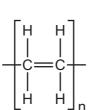
	fraction	use
Α	kerosene	as chemical feedstock
В	petrol	fuel for planes
С	gas oil	fuel for diesel engines
D	bitumen	waxes and polishes

27 Which structure represents poly(ethene)?

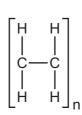
A

[H H]

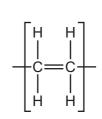
C-C-CH H]



В



C



D

28 Which apparatus is used when determining the volume of a small, irregularly shaped object?

- A a digital timer
- **B** a measuring cylinder
- C a metre rule
- D a tape measure

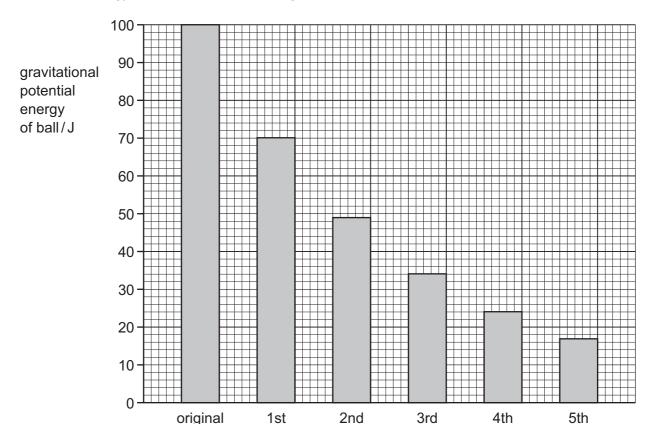
29 It takes 8.0 minutes for light travelling at a speed of  $3.0 \times 10^8 \, \text{m/s}$  to reach the Earth from the Sun.

What is the distance of the Earth from the Sun?

- **A**  $6.25 \times 10^5 \, \text{m}$
- **B**  $3.75 \times 10^7 \, \text{m}$
- $\boldsymbol{C} \quad 2.40 \times 10^9 \, m$
- $\textbf{D} \quad 1.44 \times 10^{11} \, m$

- **30** What is the name for the size of the turning effect of a force?
  - A moment
  - **B** pivot
  - **C** power
  - **D** weight
- **31** A ball is dropped from a certain height above a hard smooth floor and it bounces many times.

The bar chart shows the original gravitational potential energy of the ball and the gravitational potential energy at the top of the following bounces.



At the top of the 5th bounce, what percentage of the ball's original gravitational potential energy has been transferred to other stores?

bounce

- **A** 17%
- **B** 30%
- **C** 83%

bounce

**D** 100%

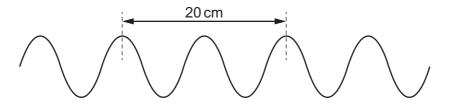
bounce

bounce

bounce

- 32 Which statement describes the particles in a gas?
  - A They are held together by strong forces of attraction.
  - **B** They are always in contact with each other.
  - **C** They move around freely in all directions.
  - **D** They vibrate and slide over each other very quickly.

- 33 Why do white clothes keep people cooler when they are standing in the Sun?
  - A White clothes are good absorbers of infrared radiation.
  - **B** White clothes are good emitters of infrared radiation.
  - **C** White clothes are poor absorbers of infrared radiation.
  - **D** White clothes are poor emitters of infrared radiation.
- **34** The diagram shows a water wave in a ripple tank.

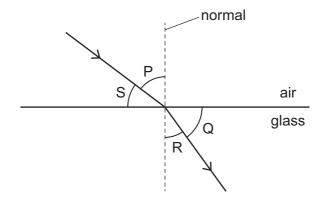


The speed of the wave is 40 cm/s.

What is the frequency of the wave?

- **A** 0.25 Hz
- **B** 0.50 Hz
- C 2.0 Hz
- **d** 4.0 Hz

35 A ray of light in air enters a glass block.



Which row identifies the angle of incidence and the angle of refraction?

	angle of incidence	angle of refraction
Α	Р	Q
В	Р	R
С	S	Q
D	S	R

**36** Four metal spheres W, X, Y and Z are charged.

W repels X.

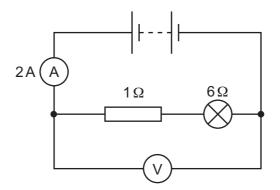
Y repels Z.

W attracts Z.

X is positively charged.

Which statement is correct?

- A W has a negative charge.
- **B** X attracts Y.
- **C** Y has a positive charge.
- **D** Z repels X.
- **37** A series circuit consists of a battery, an ammeter, a lamp and a resistor. A voltmeter is placed across the lamp and the resistor.



What is the voltmeter reading?

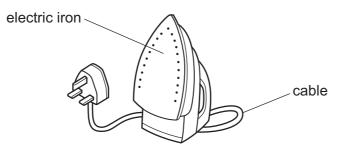
- **A** 2V
- **B** 10 V
- **C** 12 V
- **D** 14 V
- **38** A 2000 W electric vacuum cleaner is plugged into a 250 V wall socket using a cable designed to carry a maximum of 5 A.

The plug of the vacuum cleaner contains a 13 A fuse.

What would be the result of using this arrangement?

- A The cable would overheat.
- **B** The fuse in the plug would 'blow'.
- **C** The vacuum cleaner would not work.
- **D** There would be no effect.

**39** The cable connected to an electric iron contains an earth wire.



Why does the electric iron need an earth wire to make it safe?

- A The current sometimes decreases.
- **B** The iron has a plastic handle.
- C The iron has a metal base.
- **D** The iron becomes hot.
- **40** When using a radioactive source, what is **not** a safety precaution?
  - A checking the level of background radiation
  - **B** handling the source with long forceps
  - **C** keeping the exposure time to a minimum
  - **D** shielding the source from observers

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The Periodic Table of Elements

	<b>=</b>	2	Не	helium 4	10	Ne	neon 20	18	Ā	argon 40	36	궃	krypton 84	54	Xe	xenon 131	98	R	radon	118	Og	oganesson -
	=>				6	ш	fluorine 19	17	Cl	chlorine 35.5	35	ă	bromine 80	53	Н	iodine 127	85	¥	astatine	117	<u>~</u>	tennessine -
	5				8	0	oxygen 16	16	ഗ	sulfur 32	34	Se	selenium 79	52	<u>a</u>	tellurium 128	84	Ъ	moloum —	116	^	livermorium -
	>				2	Z	nitrogen 14	15	凸	phosphorus 31	33	As	arsenic 75	51	Sp	antimony 122	83	Ξ	bismuth 209	115	Mc	moscovium -
	≥				9	O	carbon 12	14	:S	silicon 28	32	Ge	germanium 73	20	Sn	tin 119	82	Pb	lead 207	114	Εl	flerovium -
	≡				5	Ω	boron 11	13	Ρl	aluminium 27	31	Ga	gallium 70	49	I	indium 115	84	lΤ	thallium 204	113	R	nihonium –
											30	Zu	zinc 65	48	ည	cadmium 112	80	Нg	mercury 201	112	S	copernicium –
											29	Cn	copper 64	47	Ag	silver 108	62	Au	gold 197	111	Rg	roentgenium -
Group											28	Z	nickel 59	46	Pd	palladium 106	78	귙	platinum 195	110	Ds	darmstadtium -
9 9											27	ပိ	cobalt 59	45	格	rhodium 103	77	Ir	iridium 192	109	¥	meitnerium -
		- ;	I	hydrogen 1							26				Ru	ruthenium 101	9/	Os	osmium 190	108	Hs	hassium -
								1			25	M	manganese 55	43	ည	technetium -	75	Re	rhenium 186	107	ВР	bohrium –
					_	lod	lass				24	ပ်	chromium 52	42	Mo	molybdenum 96	74	≥	tungsten 184	106	Sg	seaborgium -
			Key	atomic number	atomic symbo	name relative atomic mass				23	>	vanadium 51	41	g	niobium 93	73	<u>a</u>	tantalum 181	105	В	dubnium -	
						atc	rel				22	i	titanium 48	40	Zr	zirconium 91	72	士	hafnium 178	104	¥	rutherfordium -
											21	Sc	scandium 45	39	>	yttrium 89	57-71	lanthanoids		89–103	actinoids	
	=				4	Be	beryllium 9	12	Mg	magnesium 24	20	Ca	calcium 40	38	ഗ്	strontium 88	26	Ba	barium 137	88	Ra	radium -
	_				3	:=	lithium 7	#	Na	sodium 23	19	×	potassium 39	37	R <sub>b</sub>	rubidium 85	55	S	caesium 133	87	ቷ	francium -

7.1	Γn	lutetium	1/3	103	۲	lawrencium	I
	Υp						I
69	T	thulium	601	101	Md	mendelevium	ı
89	Ē	erbium	/01	100	Fm	ferminm	I
29	웃	holmium	COL	66	Es	einsteinium	ı
99	۵	dysprosium	103	86	ర	califomium	I
65	Tp	terbium	159	26	益	berkelium	_
64	Вd	gadolinium	/61	96	Cm	curium	I
63	Ш	europium	761	98	Am	americium	1
62	Sm	samarium	150	94	Pn	plutonium	_
61	Pm	promethium	ı	93	ď	neptunium	_
09	PZ				$\supset$	uranium	238
59	Ā	praseodymium	141	91	Ра	protactinium	231
28	Ce				۲	thorium	232
22	Га	lanthanum	139	88	Ac	actinium	I

lanthanoids

actinoids

The volume of one mole of any gas is 24 dm<sup>3</sup> at room temperature and pressure (r.t.p.).